EXEMPTIONS

Competition Policy Review (Harper Review) Draft Report

Current position

Authorisation

- ACCC may grant advance authorisation of conduct available for all forms of Part IV conduct other than misuse of market power (s 88) (merger authorisation process dealt with separately – see mergers page)
- Different tests for different conduct (s 90)
 - ACCC satisfied that the provision would result, or be likely to result, in a benefit to the public that would outweigh likely anti-competitive detriment
 - Cartels, public price signalling (s 44ZZX), anti-competitive conduct
 - ACCC satisfied conduct would result, or be likely to result, in such a benefit to the public that it should be allowed
 - Private price disclosures (s 44ZZW), exclusionary provisions, third line forcing, secondary boycotts, resale price maintenance, dual listed company arrangements, acquisitions outside Australia (s 50A)
- Six month time limit on ACCC decision
- Separate authorisation applications needed for different provisions of Act

Notification

- Simpler approval process available for some forms of conduct
- Different tests for different conduct notification must stand unless:
 - Public benefit does not outweigh anti-comp detriment
 - Third line forcing, private price disclosures, small business collective bargaining (cartels, boycotts)
 - Conduct would substantially lessen competition and public benefit would not outweigh detriment
 - Exclusive dealing (not TLF), small business collective bargaining (other than cartels, boycotts)
- Conduct permitted immediate or after 14 days depending on conduct
 - Immediate (exclusive dealing (not TLF))
 - o After 14 days (all other forms of notifiable conduct)
- Cost of notification varies depending on conduct
 - \$100 (third line forcing, private price disclosures)
 - \$1,000 (small business collective bargaining)
 - \$2,500 (exclusive dealing (not TLF))



Harper Panel draft proposal (recs 34 and 35, chapter 19)

Authorisation (rec 34)

- Simplify to allow single authorisation application for a single business transaction or arrangement, without regard to particular provisions that may be contravened
- ACCC should be able to grant exemption for all forms of conduct if satisfied *either* that:
 - o proposed conduct unlikely to SLC; or
 - o proposed conduct is likely to result in a net public benefit

Block exemption (rec 35)

• ACCC should have power to grant block exemptions

Notification (rec 34)

- Notification procedures should be simplified
 (as with authorisation should allow ACCC to grant exemption if conduct either unlikely to substantially lessen competition or likely to result in net public benefit precise formulation for notification not set out in report)
- Extend notification option to RPM conduct
- Improve flexibility of notification process for collective bargaining by small business (rec 50)

[summary prepared 11 October 2014]

